# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

# Translation INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	EOD EVIDENCED ACTION	See Ferm DCT/IDE A/A16
T03008 PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/DE2004/000715	02.04.2004	04.04.2003
International Patent Classification (IPC) or natio	onal classification and IPC	
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Applicant	ON ADIA	
T-MOBILE DEUTSCHLAND	GMBH	·
This report is the international prelin under Article 35 and transmitted to th		s International Preliminary Examining Authority
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	sheets, include	ing this cover sheet.
3. This report is also accompanied by Al	NNEXES, comprising:	
a. (sent to the applicant and	to the International Bureau) a total of 9	sheets, as follows:
sheets of the descrip	tion, claims and/or drawings which have been	n amended and are the basis for this report and/or
sheets containing red Instructions).	tifications authorized by this Authority (see	Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative
		onsiders contain an amendment that goes beyond
the disclosure in the Box.	international application as filed, as indicat	ed in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental
b. (sent to the International)	Bureau only) a total of (indicate type and num	ber of electronic carrier(s))
	, , ,	, containing a sequence listing and/or tables
		plemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see
Section 802 of the Administ		
	4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:	
Box No. I Basis of the	report	
Box No. II Priority		
Box No. III Non-establi	shment of opinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step and industrial applicability
Box No. IV Lack of uni	ty of invention	
Box No. V  Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement		
Box No. VI Certain doc	uments cited	
Box No. VII Certain defo	ects in the international application	
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application		
Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of this report		this report
Date of submission of the demand	Sac of completion of	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP	Authorized officer	
		•
Facsimile No.	Telephone No	

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Box	No. I	Basis of the report		
1.	With indic	regard to the language, this report is based on the internation ated under this item.	nal application in the language in	which it was filed, unless otherwise
		This report is based on translations from the original langua which is the language of a translation furnished for the purp	ge into the following language _oses of:	,
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))		
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4	)	
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and/	•	
2.	recei	regard to the elements of the international application, this iving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are report):		
		the international application as originally filed/furnished		
	$\boxtimes$	the description:		
		pages 3-17		as originally filed/furnished
		pages* 1,2,2a	received by this Authority on	11.08.2005 with letter of 08.08.2005
		pages*	received by this Authority on	
	$\boxtimes$	the claims:		
		nos.		as originally filed/furnished
		nos.*		r with any statement) under Article 19
		nos.* 1-14		11.08.2005 with letter
		nos.*		
	$\boxtimes$	the drawings:		
		sheets		as originally filed/furnished
		sheets* 1/3-3/3		11.08.2005 with letter of 08.08.2005
		sheets*	received by this Authority on	01 08.08.2003
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplem	ental Box Relating to Sequence L	isting.
3.	Ш	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
4.	$\boxtimes$	This report has been established as if (some of) the amend they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fi		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos 2,4,6-10,12-14		
		the drawings, sheets/figs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
٠	If ite	rm 4 applies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "sup	erseded."	

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Box	x No. IV Lack of unity of invention	
1.	In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has:	
	restricted the claims.	
	paid additional fees.	-
	paid additional fees under protest.	
	neither restricted the claims nor paid additional fees.	
2.	This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.	:
3.	This Authority considers that the requirement of unity of invention in accordance with Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is:	
	complied with.	
	not complied with for the following reasons:	
	See supplemental sheets.	
4.	Consequently, this report has been established in respect of the following parts of the international application:	
	all parts.	
	the parts relating to claims Nos.	

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Box	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
1.	Statement				
	Novelty (N)	Claims	1,3,5-8	YES	
		Claims	2,4	NO	
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims		YES	
		Claims	1-8	NO	
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-8	YES	
		Claims		NO	

- 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)
  - This report makes reference to the following documents, D1-D3:

D1: WO-A-01/45284

D2: DE-A-43 02 228

D3: "Radio network planning process and

methods for WCDMA"

Laiho Jaana, Wacker Achim

Annales des Télécommunications, no.

56, 2001

Presses polytechniques et

universitaires romandes,

Lausanne, CH

pages 317-331

- A. Certain observations on the international application

  Clarity, PCT Article 6
- For the following reasons, present claims 2,
   4, 9 and 10 do not meet the requirement of
   PCT Article 6 with respect to clarity:

1.1 Claims 2, 4, 9 and 10 attempt to define the "development of an assertion about the coverage situation (claim 9) or about the radio coverage (claims 2, 4, and 10; see Box I, 1.3 above) in the uplink and downlink":

It has been noted that the terms "coverage situation" and "radio coverage" in this context are regarded as vague and unclear, since they do not appear to have a generally recognized meaning. The terms "coverage situation" and "radio coverage" could indicate, for example, whether the UL/DL has sufficient signal levels or, for example, whether the UL/DL has sufficient capacity.

- "radio coverage" were accepted as being clear, it is not sufficiently clear from the present definition in claims 2, 4, 9 and 10 how an assertion about the "coverage situation" or "radio coverage" in the UL/DL is actually determined using the measured data for the received power of the DL pilot, the measured data for the received power of the continuously transmitting pilot channels, i.e. it is not clear which method steps are actually carried out.
- 1.3 If the description is taken into consideration, the following appears to be

relevant:

- (a) The received power of the primary common pilot channel (pCPICH) is determined (" $E_c$ "); this value " $E_c$ " is included in equation (1) for the UL and in equation (5) for the DL;
- (b) the value " $(E_b/N_o)_{target}$ " is determined (see equations (3) and (6)); in order to do so, " $I_{eig}$ " and " $I_{fr}$ " have to be determined (see pages 11-13);
- (c) in order for the above to take place, the continuously transmitting DL common control channels have to be taken into consideration; the " $(E_b/N_o)_{target}$ " value is established based on the measured values for the pilot channel.

The description is contradictory because on pages 11-15, it appears that only the " $(E_b/N_o)_{target}$ " value is determined for the downlink, and it remains unclear whether there is also provision for the analogous determination of the " $(E_b/N_o)_{target}$ " value for the uplink. Therefore, it is not clear whether a coverage assertion for the uplink can be determined at all using the method according to the invention.

1.4 None of claims 2, 4, 9 and 10 contains a clear definition of the method set out in the description:

In claims 2 and 9, only the received power of a DL pilot channel and the total interference strength are measured. In view of the description, this does not appear to be sufficient in order to establish a coverage assertion for the uplink and the downlink.

In claims 4 and 10, the ratio of  $I_{\text{eig}}$  to  $I_{\text{fr}}$  is established on the basis of the measured received power of the continuously transmitting pilot channels.

<u>Observation</u>: Does the sum of these received powers equal the measured interference strength in **claim 1**? How are these interference strengths,  $I_{eig}$  and  $I_{fr}$ , determined? Although equation (13) in the description also appears to disclose the establishment of such a ratio, it does not appear to be essential to solving the problem to be solved by the invention.

B. Novelty and inventive step, PCT Article 33

# Preliminary observation:

Pursuant to PCT Rule 70.2 (c), the reasoned statement with respect to novelty, inventive

step and industrial applicability has been
established on the basis of the originally
submitted claims 1-8.

- 1. First group:
- 1.1 Originally submitted independent claim 1:
- 1.1.1 With respect to the originally submitted independent claim 1, D1 discloses a "method for analyzing the interference and coverage situation in UMTS sub-networks" with the following features of the originally submitted claim 1:
  - recording measured data within predetermined surface elements of a restricted area (D1, page 8, lines 17-20)
  - measuring the received power of at least one downlink pilot channel of several receivable base stations in said surface element as well as the total interference strength in the relevant frequency band within each surface element (D1, page 10, line 19 to page 12, line 7; figure 3: "315"..."330").
- 1.1.2 The subject matter of the originally submitted independent claim 1 of the present application differs from the disclosure in D1 only by the following features:

The originally submitted claim 1 explicitly

matrix using the recorded measured data in order to reproduce an assertion about the interference relationship of each base station in relation to other base stations.

D1 does not appear to disclose any such interference matrix. In D1, only "rankings" of the various base stations are established on the basis of their Ec/Io value.

Therefore, the originally submitted **claim 1** meets the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) with respect to **novelty**.

- 1.1.3 A person skilled in the art proceeding from the closest prior art (D1) is confronted with the <u>technical problem</u> of visualizing the interference situation between different base stations in as correct and clear a manner as possible.
- 1.1.4 A person skilled in the art consulting the prior art would come upon D2, inter alia, which discloses that it can be advantageous to use matrices to represent the interference situations. In this context, reference is made to D2, page 4, lines 36-52; page 5, lines 54-60 and figure 1.

Therefore, D2 discloses the feature that was additionally defined in the originally

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

submitted claim 1.

- 1.1.5 Proceeding from the method defined in D1 and with knowledge of the disclosure in D2, it would be obvious for the above-mentioned reasons for a person skilled in the art to apply the teaching in D2 to the method known from D1 and thereby to arrive at a method according to the subject matter of the originally submitted claim 1.
- 1.1.6 The method defined in the originally submitted independent claim 1 cannot be acknowledged as involving an inventive step for the reasons indicated. Therefore, the originally submitted independent claim 1 does not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(3).
- 1.2 Originally submitted claim 3:
- 1.2.1 Furthermore, the originally submitted dependent claim 3 makes no inventive contribution (PCT Article 33(3)) to the originally submitted claim 1, to which it refers, since the feature contained in the originally submitted claim 3 is regarded as an obvious feature without any essential significance.
- 2. Second group:
- 2.1 Originally submitted claims 2 and 4:
- 2.1.1 D3, which is cited above, appears to disclose

or render obvious all of the features of the originally submitted independent claims 2 and 4.

Reference is made to D3, pages 322 and 323, sections "C1. Uplink Iteration Step" and "C2. Downlink Iteration Step", and figures 2 and 3. D3 describes a method for the separate determination of the uplink and downlink coverage situation of a WCDMA system. The "received power of at least one DL pilot channel from several...receivable base stations" and the "interference strength" are determined (D3, page 323, figure 3, "calculate CPICH Ec/Io for all MSs", "calculate the C/I for each MS"); the "ratio of the received power of the observed cell to the received power of all of the foreign cells is calculated " (D3, page 323, figure 3, "calculate new  $I=I_{oth}/I_{own}$ ") and "an assertion is developed about the coverage situation in the uplink and downlink" (D3, page 325, left-hand column, lines 5-29).

- 2.1.2 For this reason, the originally submitted independent claims 2 and 4 do not meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).
- 2.2 Originally submitted claims 3 and 5-8:
- 2.2.1 Furthermore, the originally submitted
   dependent claims 3 and 5-8 make no inventive
   contribution (PCT Article 33(3)) to the

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claims to which they refer, since the features contained therein are either disclosed in D3, can be derived directly therefrom, or are obvious features without any essential significance:

- (a) Originally submitted claims 3 and 5: obvious features without any essential significance
- (b) Originally submitted **claims 6 and 8:**D3, page 322, left-hand column, lines 26-31,

  "...each of the users can have different
  terminal speed and uses a different
  service...therefore each mobile station gets
  assigned an individual E<sub>b</sub>/N<sub>o</sub> requirement...";
  page 323, left-hand column, lines 24-25,

  "...where EbNo<sub>MS</sub> is the received E<sub>b</sub>/N<sub>o</sub>
  requirement of the MS depending on terminal
  speed and service..."
- (c) Originally submitted claim 7:

  D3, page 323, left-hand column, equation

  (18); Note: "R" corresponds to the useful data rate.
- 2.2.2 Therefore, the originally submitted claims 3
   and 5-8 do not meet the requirements of PCT
   Article 33(3).
- C. Certain defects in the international application

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1. Figures 5 and 6 clearly do not meet the requirements of PCT Rule 11.2(a) ("Physical Requirements of the International Application"/"Fitness for Reproduction") or of PCT Rule 11.13(a) ("Special Requirements for Drawings").

An objection is raised with respect to figures 5 and 6 because it appears that the information content, i.e. the areas of the coverage zone having the corresponding level, can be assessed only through the color codes used therein. This is inadmissible pursuant to PCT Rule 11.13(a).

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of:

#### Box I

# Basis of the report

1. The amendments submitted with the letter of 8 August 2005 introduce substantive matter which, contrary to PCT Article 34(2)(b), goes beyond the disclosure of the international application as filed.

The amendments are the following:

#### 1.1 Claim 2:

The new claim 2 was established by changing the wording relating to the subject matter of the original independent claim 2 so as to render it dependent on the original independent claim 1. This has resulted in a combined method wherein an assertion about the interference relationship between base stations is established by means of an interference matrix and an assertion about the coverage situation (radio coverage) is established in the uplink and downlink.

Furthermore, in this <u>combined method</u> (**claims** 1, 2 and 4), the received power of at least one downlink pilot channel <u>and</u> the received power of the continuously transmitting pilot channels are defined.

The originally submitted documents do not disclose this type of <a href="mailto:combined method">combined method</a> (claims 1, 2, and 4) involving the abovementioned steps.

1.3 Claims 2, 4, and 6-8:

In claims 2, 4 and 6-8, the term "coverage situation" was replaced by the term "radio coverage".

Although these terms could be considered equivalent, uncertainties arise owing to the fact that the expression "coverage situation" is still used in the preamble of independent claim 1, which, for this reason, results in different possibilities for the interpretation of said claim:

- 1.3.1 The term "radio coverage" used in claims 2,
  4, and 6-8 could refer to and represent the
  term "coverage situation", which would not
  contravene PCT Article 34(2)(b).
- 1.3.2 The term "radio coverage" used in claims 2,
  4, and 6-8 could, however, also have a
   different meaning, and this would contravene
  PCT Article 34(2)(b).
- 1.4 Claims 9, 10 and 12-14:

  The term "coverage situation

The term "coverage situation" is also used in addition to the term "radio coverage" in claims 9, 10 and 12-14. Therefore, the same

possibilities for interpretation (as those presented in <u>point 1.3</u>) lead to the same problems with respect to the requirements of PCT Article 34(2) (b).

#### 1.5 Claim 10:

The new claim 10 was established by changing the wording relating to the subject matter of the original independent claim 4 so as to render it dependent on the original independent claim 2 (restricted by the original dependent claim 3).

This results in a <u>combined method</u> wherein the received power of at least one downlink pilot channel <u>and</u> the received power of the continuously transmitting pilot channels are defined.

The originally submitted documents do not disclose a <u>combined method</u> of this type comprising the above-mentioned steps.

The PCT Regulations set out the following in PCT Rule 70.2(c):

"If the International Preliminary
Examining Authority considers that any
amendment goes beyond the disclosure in
the international application as filed,
the report shall be established as if such
amendment had not been made, and the
report shall so indicate. It shall also

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Supplemental Box

indicate the reasons why it considers that the amendment goes beyond the said disclosure."

Therefore, on the basis of PCT Rule 70.2(c), the reasoned statement in <u>Box V</u> with respect to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability does not have to establish a report for the claims 1-14 submitted with the letter of 8 August 2005.

Therefore, the statements in  $\underline{Box\ V}$  form the basis for the originally submitted claims 1-8.

# Box IV

# Lack of unity of invention

- 1. Reasons for the lack of unity (PCT Rule 13.1 and 13.2):
- 1.1 The subjects of the following groups of inventions -only the independent claims have been included in these groups— are not so linked as to form a <u>single general inventive</u> concept:
- (a) Group 1: independent claim 1
- (b) Group 2: independent claim 9

The reasons therefore are the following:

1.2 The <u>search</u> resulted in the following prior art relevant to the assessment of the unity of invention:

D1: WO-A-01/45284 (see "Cited documents" above)

D1 explicitly discloses the recording of measured data within predetermined surface elements of a restricted area, the received power of the receivable downlink pilot channels and the total interference strength being measured. Reference is made to the passages in the international search report.

Consequently, these features, which are the same as those in independent claims 1 and 9, cannot be regarded as special technical features under PCT Rule 13.2.

1.3 A comparison of said groups of inventions to D1 shows that the following features shall be regarded as special technical features under PCT Rule 13.2.

The special technical features of independent claim 1 relate to the reproduction of an assertion about the interference relationship between various base stations by means of an interference matrix.

The special technical features of independent claim 9 relate to developing an assertion about the coverage situation in the uplink and downlink.

- 1.4 Therefore, the requisite unity of invention (PCT Rule 13.1) is not established, since there is no technical relationship between independent claim 1 and independent claim 9 within the meaning of PCT Rule 13.2 involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features.
- 1.5 Contrary to the applicant's assumption, a complete international search report encompassing all of the inventions was indeed

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	established after an additional search fee
	was paid for the second group of inventions.
	The written report by the International
	Searching Authority also contains a position
	with respect to all of the inventions.